

CLAIMS

1. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks, the method comprising the steps of:
 - 5 making available first services and features to a first subscriber to a line-switching communications network using the line-switching communications network;
 - making available second services and features to a second subscriber to a packet-switching communications network using the packet-switching communications network;
 - 10 generating first setting information for the first subscriber and second setting information for the second subscriber using a controller;
 - transmitting the first setting information between the controller and at least a first control unit of the line-switching communications network;
 - 15 transmitting the second setting information between the controller and at least a second control unit of the packet-switching communications network;
 - storing the transmitted first setting information and setting the corresponding services and features at the first subscriber via the first control unit; and
 - 20 storing the transmitted second setting information and setting the corresponding services and features at the second subscriber via the second control unit.
2. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, wherein the controller is a
25 superordinate controller of the first and the second control units.
3. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, the method further comprising
30 the step of:

carrying out subscriber signaling of the second subscriber using a network element of the line-switching communications network which has an interface to the packet-switching communications network.

- 5 4. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 3, the method further comprising the step of:

 making available the services and features of the line-switching communications network to the second subscriber via the subscriber signaling.

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5. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 4, wherein the controller generates for the second subscriber, in addition to the second setting information, first setting information which relates to the services and features of the line-switching communications network.

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6. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, wherein the services and features of the line-switching communications network include at least one of call pick-up, call divert, call forwarding, call name display, subscriber cut-in, subscriber-dependent ringing, three-way conferencing, large-scale conferencing, holding, displaying of toll information, closed user group, private number schedule, call number identification, automatic call-back when busy, automatic call-back when no reply, call barring, call waiting and call transfer facilities.

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7. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second setting information generated using the controller includes at least one of an alias name, gatekeeper administration and call waiting.

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8. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, wherein settings in a plurality of control units are necessary to set at least one of a service and a feature, and wherein corresponding setting information is transmitted between the controller and the respective control units.

9. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 7, wherein respective control information is transmitted to control units of the respective line-switching communications network and the packet-switching communications network.

10. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, wherein subscriber signaling is carried out in accordance with an H.323/H.450 signaling protocol in the packet-switching communications network.

11. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, wherein subscriber signaling is carried out in accordance with a DSS1 signaling protocol in the line-switching communications network.

12. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, wherein the packet-switching communications network is a data network based on an Internet protocol.

13. A method for subscriber administration in a variety of telecommunications networks as claimed in claim 1, wherein the respective respective services and features can be at least one of activated, deactivated and configured using at least one of the first and second setting information.